Name: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**Impact of Supreme Court Cases on Law Enforcement Quiz**

1. Which amendment applies to search warrants?

A. Fourteenth Amendment

B. First Amendment

C. Fourth Amendment

D. Fifth Amendment

1. Stop and Frisk” refers to which case?

A. Terry v. Ohio

B. Mapp v. Ohio

C. Tennessee v. Garner

D. Silverthorne Lumber Co. v. US

1. Which of the following is NOT considered a purpose of criminal procedure?

A. protection of citizens after arrests

B. protection of law enforcement officers

C. protection of citizens before arrests

D. protection of endangered animals

1. Where does case law come from?

A. Federal court decisions

B. Law review articles

C. State court decisions

D. Both A and C

1. Which of the following are exceptions to search without a warrant?

A. Consent

B. Plain view

C. Inventory

D. All of the above

1. What were the police looking for at Dollree Mapp’s house?

A. Pornography

B. A bombing suspect

C. Stolen merchandise

D. Illegal weapons

1. Which of the following is “the process followed by police and courts in the apprehension, litigation, and punishment of defendants”?

A. Stop and Frisk

B. Fruit of the Poisonous Tree Doctrine

C. Criminal Procedure

D. Deadly Force

1. A Terry stop is what type of search?

A. Stop and Frisk

B. Fruit of the Poisonous Tree Doctrine

C. Criminal Procedure

D. Deadly Force

1. Which of the following is “the amount of force used by a law enforcement officer that would reasonably pose a high risk of death or serious injury to another person”?

A. Stop and Frisk

B. Fruit of the Poisonous Tree Doctrine

C. Criminal Procedure

D. Deadly Force

1. The concept “if the tree is poisoned, so is the fruit coming from it” is from which of the following court cases?

A. Terry v. Ohio

B. Mapp v. Ohio

C. Tennessee v. Garner

D. Silverthorne Lumber Co. v. US

1. The Defendant in Terry v. Ohio was convicted of which of the following?

A. Breaking and entering

B. Drunk driving

C. Possession of marijuana

D. Carrying a concealed weapon

1. Killing a fleeing suspect is considered what under the Fourth Amendment?

A. seizure

B. search

C. warrantless search

D. permitted action

1. The exclusionary rule applies to which of the following governments?

A. State

B. Federal

C. Both A and B

D. None of the above

1. When does the Fourth Amendment apply?

A. When an officer is searching a vehicle

B. In a Stop and Frisk

C. When an officer is searching a business

D. All of the above

1. A peace officer must have which of the following to request the issuance of a search warrant?

A. Dueling process

B. Probable cause

C. Unreasonable suspicion

D. A “hunch”